

Key Reference

Phase 1
Phase 2
Phase 3

Black text Red text National Curriculum statements
Additional HIAS statements

Achieving age-related expectations in Reading Yr 1-6
Fluency - Clarity - Accuracy - Coherence

The Aims of the Primary English Programme of Study

The overarching aim for English in the national curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written word, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that all pupils:

- read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language

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• appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage

- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas
- are competent in the arts of speaking and listening, making formal presentations, demonstrating to others and participating in debate

Non-Statutory Guidance Spoken Language

These statements apply to all years. The content should be taught at a level appropriate to the age of the pupils. Pupils should build on the oral language skills that have been taught in preceding years. Pupils should be taught to develop their competence in spoken language and listening to enhance the effectiveness with which they are able to communicate across a range of contexts and to a range of audiences. They should therefore have opportunities to work in groups of different sizes – in pairs, small groups, large groups and as a whole class. Pupils should understand how to take turns and when and how to participate constructively in conversations and debates. Attention should also be paid to increasing pupils' vocabulary, ranging from describing their immediate world and feelings to developing a broader, deeper and richer vocabulary to discuss abstract concepts and a wider range of topics, and to enhancing their knowledge about language as a whole. Pupils should receive constructive feedback on their spoken language and listening, not only to improve their knowledge and skills but also to establish secure foundations for effective spoken language in their studies at primary school, helping them to achieve in secondary education and beyond.



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Additional HIAS statements

	READING									
Year 1	Word Reading	Comprehension Clarify	Comprehension Summarise	Comprehension Select and Retrieve	Comprehension Respond and Explain	Inference	Language for Effect	Themes and Conventions		
Phase 1	 Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes that have been taught Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught Read common exception words that have been taught, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words 	 Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently, and those they listen to Check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading 		Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say	 Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences Ask questions and express opinions about main events and characters in stories 	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	Recognise and join in with predictable phrases	 Become very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales Begin to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart Discuss the significance of the title and events Understand and use terms such as story, fairy story, rhyme, poem, cover, title, author 		
Phase 2	 Re-read books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading Read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs Read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings 	Develop understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher	Recall the main points of a narrative in the correct sequence		Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them	Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	Identify how repetitive patterns, words and phrases aid their enjoyment of the text	 Become very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them Understand the difference between fiction and non-fiction Can seek out books around a simple theme or topic 		
Phase 3	Read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)	Discuss word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known		Find key points in a story or some key facts from an information text	Talk about significant features of layout, e.g., enlarged text, bold, italic, etc.		Read aloud their own writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher (from writing national curriculum)	Become very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics		

The knowledge and skills that pupils need in order to comprehend are very similar at different ages. This is why the programmes of study for comprehension in years 3 and 4 and years 5 and 6 are similar: the complexity of the writing increases the level of challenge... Pupils should be taught to use the skills they have learnt earlier and continue to apply these skills to read for different reasons, including for pleasure, or to find out information and the meaning of new words. — National Curriculum (2014), p.37



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	READING									
Year 2	Word Reading	Comprehension Clarify	Comprehension Summarise	Comprehension Select and Retrieve	Comprehension Respond and Explain	Inference	Language for Effect	Themes and Conventions		
Phase 1	 Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes Read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the graphemes taught so far Read words containing common suffixes Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation 	Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently, and those they listen to Draw on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary, provided by the teacher Discuss and clarify the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary Check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct inaccurate reading	 Identify and discuss the main events or key points in a text Retell a story clearly and with appropriate detail 	 Answer questions Ask questions Extract information from the text and discuss orally with reference to the text 	 Participate in discussions about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say 	 Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far and their own experience Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done 	 Recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry Read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear (Year 2 writing National Curriculum) 	wide range of contemporary and		
Phase 3 Phase 2	 Read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word Re-read books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading Read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered 	 Use the context/ grammar of the sentence to decipher new or unfamiliar words Identify or provide own synonyms for specific words within the text 	Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related	 Understand how to use alphabetically ordered texts to retrieve information 	 Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves 	Make simple inferences about characters' thoughts and feelings and reasons for actions	 Discuss favourite words and phrases Identify how vocabulary choice affects meaning 	 Read non-fiction books that are structured in different ways Make comparisons between books, noting similarities, differences and preferences between e.g. layout, features and setting 		



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	READING									
Year 3	Word Reading	Comprehension Clarify	Comprehension Summarise	Comprehension Select and Retrieve	Comprehension Respond and Explain	Inference	Language for Effect	Themes and Conventions		
Phase 1	 Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word 	 Ask questions to improve their understanding of a text Use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read Use a range of known strategies appropriately to establish meaning in books that can be read independently 	Show understanding of the main points drawn from one paragraph	 Uses text features to locate information e.g. contents, indices, subheadings Locate and retrieve information using skimming, scanning and text marking 	 Listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books and textbooks Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination 	 Predict what might happen from details stated and implied Draw plausible inferences, often supported through reference to the text 	 Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning Discuss the effect of specific language on the reader 	 Read books that are structured in different ways and show some awareness of the various purposes for reading Identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books e.g. recognising simple links to known texts or personal experience; recognising conventions such as the triumph of good over evil and magica devices in fairy stories/folk tales Identify and name presentational devices in non-fiction 		
Phase 2		Check that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context	 Show understanding of the main points drawn from more than one paragraph 	 Begin to recognise fact and opinion 	Begin to use vocabulary from the text to support responses and explanations	 Draw inferences such as inferring feelings, thoughts and motives of main characters from their actions Justify inferences with evidence 	 Identify specific techniques, e.g. simile, alliteration and repetition and say why they interest them 	 Demonstrate familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legend and retell some of these orally Can explore and discuss underlying themes and ideas 		
Phase 3				 Retrieve and record information from non- fiction Extract information and make notes 	 Use specific vocabulary and ideas expressed in the text to support own views 		 Read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear (Year 3 /4 writing National Curriculum) 			



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	READING							
Year 4	Word Reading	Comprehension Clarify	Comprehension Summarise	Comprehension Select and Retrieve	Comprehension Respond and Explain	Inference	Language for Effect	Themes and Conventions
Phase 1	 Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word 	 Ask questions to improve their understanding of a text Use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read Discuss understanding as it develops and explain the meaning of words in context 	Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these	 Retrieve and record information from nonfiction Recognise and distinguish between fact and opinion 	 Listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination 	 Predict what might happen from details stated and implied Draw sound inferences, supported through reference to the text 	 Identify how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning Identify specific techniques, e.g. simile, metaphor, repetition and exaggeration; explaining the effect on them as a reader 	 Identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books e.g. make RELEVANT links to known texts and personal experience, recognise themes such as bullying, recognise conventions such as the 'power of 3' (3 wishes, 3 characters) Identify how a range of presentational devices guide the reader in non-fiction
Phase 2		Check that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context	Summarise the main details from more than one paragraph in a few sentences, using vocabulary from the text			Draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives of main characters from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence	Show understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action when performing poems and playscripts	 Identify features that characterise books set in different cultures or historical settings Recognise some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry]
Phase 3					Use specific vocabulary, and ideas expressed in the text, to support own responses	Infer underlying themes and ideas	 Read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear (Yr 4 writing National curriculum) 	Make links between texts and to the wider world



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		READING									
Year 5	Word Reading	Comprehension Clarify	Comprehension Summarise	Comprehension Select and Retrieve	Comprehension Respond and Explain	Inference	Language for Effect	Themes and Conventions			
Phase 1	Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet	 Ask questions to improve their understanding of a text Check the book makes sense to them by discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context 		 Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction Skim and scan efficiently for vocabulary, key ideas and facts on both the printed page and screen Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion and understand why this is important to interpreting the text 	 Recommend books that they have read, giving reasons for their choices Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously Provide reasoned justifications for their views 	 Predict what might happen from details stated and implied Draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence 	 Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning Show understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that meaning is clear to an audience 	 Identify and discuss themes and conventions in a wide range of writing e.g. 'heroism' or 'loss' Read books that are structured in different ways and read for a range of purposes 			
Phase 2			 Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph identifying the key details that support the main ideas 	 Extract information and make notes using quotations and reference to the text 	 Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary Identify and explain the author's point of view with reference to the text 	 Make links between the authors' use of language and the inferences drawn 	Discuss and evaluate the intended impact of the language used with reference to the text	 Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader Identify how presentational and organisational choices vary according to the form and purpose of the writing 			
Phase 3							 Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear (Yr 5/6 National Curriculum writing) 	 Make simple links between texts, their audience, purpose, time and culture, drawing on a good knowledge of authors Make comparisons within and across books 			



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			READING								
Year	r 6	Word Reading	Comprehension Clarify	Comprehension Summarise	Comprehension Select and Retrieve	Comprehension Respond and Explain	Inference	Language for Effect	Themes and Conventions		
Phase 1		Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet	 Check the book makes sense to them by discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context Ask questions to improve their understanding of a text 	Summarise main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph identifying the key details that support the main ideas	 Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction Skim and scan efficiently to extract information and make well organised notes of the main ideas using quotation and reference to the text using own words Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion and recognise them in the language used by authors to influence readers 	 Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously Provide reasoned justifications for their views Evaluate how successfully the organisation of a text supports the writer's purpose 	 Predict what might happen from details stated and implied Draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence 	 Identify how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning Show understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that meaning is clear to an audience Evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader 	Identify and discuss themes and conventions in a wide range of writing e.g. isolation or flashback Read books that are structured in different ways and read for a range of purposes Identify and comment on genre-specific language features used e.g. shades of meaning between similar words Make comparisons within and across books		
Dhasa 7	Fildse 2			Produce a succinct summary, paraphrasing the main ideas from across the text or a range of sources		 Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary 	 Refer to the text to support predictions and opinions (expanding responses to provide Evidence + Explanation) 	 Compare and discuss accounts of the same event through different character viewpoints Explore a similar theme or topic written in a different genre 	 Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader Recognise texts that contain features from more than one genre, or demonstrate shifts in formality 		
	Phase 3						 Begin to see how inferences draw on the connotations of words, their use in context and that they can be cumulative 	 Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear (Yr 5/6 National Curriculum writing) 	 Explain and justify how texts relate to audience, purpose, time and culture, and refer to specific aspects of a text that exemplify this 		